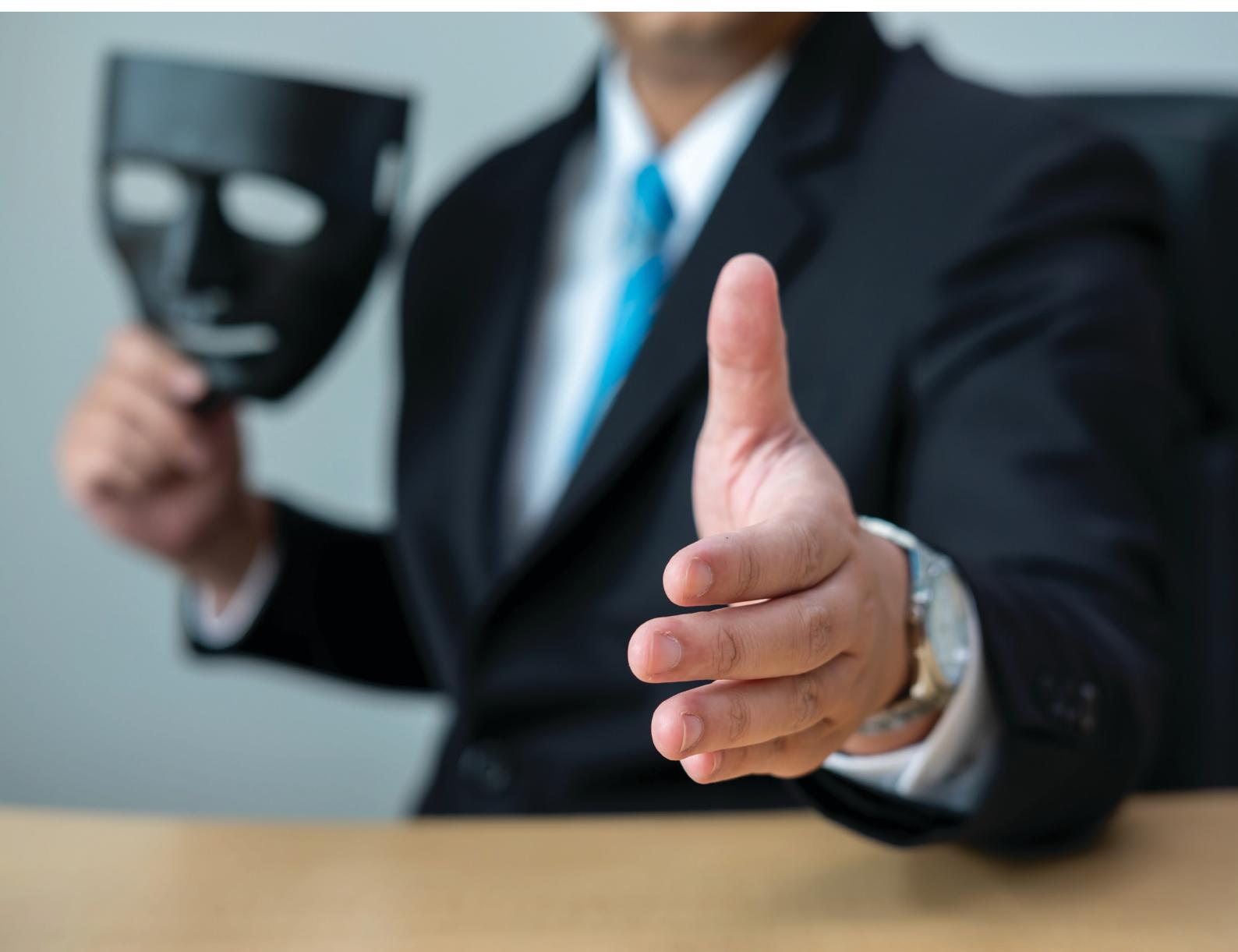




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## Impersonation Fraud: Internal Controls as Front Line



**The Federal Trade Commission logged 2.6 million fraud reports in 2024, and reported losses exploded to a record \$12.5 billion - a 25% jump in just one year. Imposter scams topped the list again, generating over 845,000 reports and \$2.95 billion of losses. Those numbers underline a sober truth: accounting, finance, and operations teams are now on the front lines of a threat that has evolved far beyond clumsy phishing emails.**

## What Is Impersonation Fraud?

Impersonation fraud occurs when someone poses as a trusted party such as a vendor, a bank representative, a government official, or even a senior executive, and pressures an employee to transfer money, share credentials, or reveal sensitive data. These scams succeed because they prey on three human instincts: trust in familiar names, fear of urgent consequences, and a desire to comply quickly.

## How Technology Fuels the Threat

Technology now amplifies the danger. Artificial-intelligence tools can draft flawless emails, mimic corporate branding, and even generate a perfect replica of an executive's voice. Caller-ID spoofing makes any phone number appear legitimate. As a result, many of the old red flags, like poor grammar, awkward phrasing, or a foreign phone number, have all but disappeared.

## Technical Defenses

Because the threat straddles technology and human behavior, your defense must do the same.

On the technical side, verify that your company's email domains are protected by SPF, DKIM, and DMARC records. These will help prevent unauthorized third parties from sending email using your domain.



Multifactor authentication should be non-negotiable on email, online software, and banking platforms; it blocks intruders even when a password leaks.

Do not overlook the phone channel: register all outbound numbers with the free caller registry used by the major U.S. wireless carriers, and consider branded-calling or spoof-mitigation tools so customers and staff immediately recognize genuine company calls.

## Internal Controls and a Culture of Verification

Technology alone, however, will not close every gap. A disciplined control environment keeps employees from acting on fraudulent requests that slip past electronic filters.

Any change to vendor banking details, password reset, or wire transfer should require a second confirmation through a known phone number or an in-person conversation.

Payments above a preset dollar threshold ought to receive two approvals from different departments, and the power to create a new vendor should never reside with the same person who approves or releases payments.

Owners and CFOs can reinforce these standards by running unannounced spot checks of bank reconciliations and vendor-master records, a practice that both detects irregularities and signals vigilance.

Because most fraud is discovered internally, give employees a safe, anonymous way to raise concerns, whether that is a dedicated “security check” channel, a hotline, or a shared mailbox.

Finally, trade the once-a-year slide deck for short, scenario-based refreshers each quarter so staff learn to question requests that invoke secrecy, speed, or fear.



## Incident Response and Insurance

Preparation must also include a fallback plan. A crime or cyber-insurance policy that specifically covers social-engineering or funds-transfer fraud can limit the financial blow if an attacker slips through.

Equally important is an incident checklist: contact your bank immediately, freeze affected accounts, preserve evidence, and file a report at ReportFraud.ftc.gov. Fast action often determines whether funds can be recovered.

## External Audits and Continuous Improvement

External scrutiny brings an invaluable perspective. An annual engagement with a security or audit firm can include simulated phishing emails, fake vendor change requests, and a review of segregation of duties. That outside look exposes blind spots created by role drift or informal workarounds that accumulate over time.



# Next Step

Impersonation fraud is not merely an IT problem; it is a business-wide risk that demands coordinated defenses. Our firm can map your payment workflows, test approval paths, and help you embed practical controls without slowing daily operations. Please contact our firm if you would like to discuss your defences with one of our expert advisors. Together, we can strengthen the checkpoints that turn every employee—from the front desk to the C-suite—into an active part of the solution rather than the weakest link.

Ultimately, any request that arrives with a sudden deadline, threatens dire consequences, or introduces new payment instructions deserves scrutiny. Slow down, verify through a second channel, and remember that no legitimate partner will object to a double-check performed in the name of sound risk management.



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## About Kushner LaGraize

Kushner LaGraize, LLC, is a full-service accounting and consulting firm located in Metairie, Louisiana, serving clients principally in the greater New Orleans metropolitan area. Our primary mission is to provide business solutions to our clients through personalized and prompt service, and to provide challenging and rewarding career opportunities for our employees.

The firm began serving clients in December 1985 when Messrs. S. David Kushner and Wilson A. LaGraize, Jr. formed a partnership to provide professional accounting services. The firm has since grown to a staff in excess of 55 professionals and support personnel due to our reputation for providing outstanding quality service. New Orleans City Business has continuously recognized our firm as one of the top ten accounting firms in Metropolitan New Orleans.

